This jeu d'esprit proves that J. F. G. can de-

SEWING MACHINE.

A day or two since we were permitted to exing Machine, at the house of Mr. Judd, under the skilful manipulation of Miss Attleton. This ma tion, of great perfection of stitch, adapted to curv ed or straight seams, and to a variety of purposes

MILITARY.

We learn that Major C. McDowell has resigned his command of the Upper Battalion, 36th Regiment, S. C. M.
On the 27th alt. Capt. A. J. Foster was elected

to the Majority in the Lower Battalion of the 36th Regiment S. C. M., vice Lieut. A. H. Kirby, resigned.

At an election for Captain of the Briar Pateli Best Company, No. 2, at Cherokee Iron Works, two weeks since, F. G. Latham was chosen Capfain over L. Cook, the vote standing-Latham 80

CHANGES.

John Cunningham, Esq., has become sole pro-prictor of the Charleston Evening News, by the re-tirement of S. E. Pelot.

Jos, S. Reid, Esq., has disposed of his interest the Newberry Mirror to Mr. John C. McLemore who is now sole editor of that journal. He is a young gentleman of fine talent, and we welcom

John G. Bowman, Esq., formerly editor of the Palmetto State Banner, is announced as editor of the Carolina Times. Mr. Bowman is a well edu eated gentleman, and vigorous writer and courte

Rossell's Magazine. The Charleston Evening News says;

"It will be seen by a notice that the new magazine, of which Messrs. W. B. Carlisle and P. H. Hayne are to be the editors, will appear on the 1st of March next, will be published under the auspices of that respectable firm, Russell & Jones, and will be called Russell's Magazine. With these favorable auguries, we have presages of such success as will render it a permanent vehicle and faithful record of Southern genius, taste and opinion."

JUDGE BUTLER IN THE SENATE.

A correspondent of the Charleston Courier, giving an account of the attitude and employmen of the different Senators while Wilson, of Massacht setts, was delivering his Abolition "Modley," speak thus of Judge Butler:

"The Senator from South Carolina was lounging in his chair with closed eyes, and certain drowsy and somniferous symptoms led us to suppose the monotonous tone had luiled him into a doze; but an allusion to his State by the speaker entirely monotonous ione had lailed him into a doze; but an allusion to his State by the speaker entirely destroyed the truth of our supposition, for in spite of the indications of drowsiness, the closed eyes suddently stared out from under the lock of silvery hair with unusual wakefulness and sagacity of expression, saying as plainly as eyes could speak, they were not asleep, and had not been asleep, and nover intended to go to sleep, when Carolina was in danger of being traduced. As the attack on his ced the matter in its proper light, proved his State clear of the charge, and with an sir of dignified contempt, he then left the chamber."

NORTHERN SLAVETRADERS.

Attorney of that port, recommending the passage of the bill, among other reasons, "as an additional safeguard against the fitting out of vessels to engage in the slave trade!"

was passed. And thus has been begun a system which will expand and absorb millions of money. Philadelphia and Portland have also petitioned for

pectable authority, shows that the drug has pernicious properties, which should lend to its availance: "The London Langet states that the use of the drug belladonna, as practised in Oriental harems, to give britiancy to the eye, is ambushingly advertised and provided for by the enterers of fashion. The effect of this powerful and deadly drug upon the eye is to contract the iris and enlarge the pupil, intensifying its brilliancy, and rapidly destroying the

Ma. Tooms's Paoposition.-The Washington City Star, of 19th instant, thus refers to this matter: "This letter of Senator Toumbs, addressed to the Southern Convention, has for some days past the Southern Convention, has for some days past been a theme of very general conversation among the public men of this city. Its recommendations are well received, indeed, by those from the South, with very few exceptions. So general favor for them do they manifest, as that those from sections of the North, whose business enterprises are likely to be affected by the action of the Southern Sinte Governments proposed by Mr. T., if easilyed to be carried out, are much excited on the subject, showing thus, we think, that Mr. T. has hit the right unit on the head.

They argue vehimently against the fensibility and constitutionality of the recommendations of Mr. Toombs with so much caractness, indeed, as that their efforts carry with them conviction contrary to their wishes."

A MODERN NINEVEN .- A Millerite Jonals caused the following notice to be inserted in the

"Pacengoy -I am commissioned to aunoun Pagency - I am sample once to ambust that New York is about to be destroyed by an earthquake and firs, if the dreaded wicked inhabitants of the circ and mightorhood do not repent to fore Jucking inght a Xi, convening their a ms publicly on their knees in the stream. Hell is before them if they do not repent. ALMATES.

Prof. B. amby is about to return to Alabama to look after his planting interests.

Our paper this week bears to the people of the lifth Congressional Disulet of this State the nomination of two citizens of Spartanburg for the position of Representative in the Congress of the United States, should Col, O.R., the present faithful and astinguished member, as he has already intimated, after from his post at the end of the Thirty-Fifth

The useres thus presented are well-known to the plc, James Fannow, Esq., a gentleman of talature, is one of the nominees, and Thomas O. 2. VERNON, Esq., the other.

In saying that Mr. Vernon is perhaps best known to the people—being native and to the manor born, and closely identified with a leading District office many years we hope we shall not be thought nvidious. Further consideration is for the people of the District, and indicates but a general prefersee and ground for support. To us the appear omes with greater emphasis and weight, as a co-borer in the harness of the press, and now our As octave in the conduct of the Spartan. Mr. Vern, indeed, from the foundation of a District paper, ins been withdrawn from its labors but at brief in terrals, each of which interruptions was terminated by renewal of connection with the paper more or ess prominent. His services have ever found cordial approval from the people, and his writings have given high character to the paper so fortunate is to secree his editorial lucubrations.

Mr. Vernon, in early life, had the advantage lowing from a liberal collegiate education, toning and developing an intellect both scute and brilliant. As a profession, he devoted himself to the aw; but was compelled to yield to the threats of disease, and abandon a career which must have given him a high rank at the bar.

As a public speaker he is effective and captive ing. Commanding an easy flow of language, gushing forth spontaneously, a playful fancy, de-lighting in graphic illustration, a manly musica ice, he stands forth an orator to charm and wield Senates. In the comparatively secluded sphere in which Mr. Vernon has shut himself, his powers as speaker are almost unknown, except to his imrediste neighbors. But we trust that in the progress of the canvass this will remain true no lor

In politics Mr. Vernon is State Rights-cccupy ng a position of conservatism identical with that which ruled the judgment of the State Convention of 1852. Those who read the Spartan while un ler his editorial control will be at no loss to know where to look for him. To the Union he will remain true, but it must be the Union of the Consti-Should reckless fanaticism shred that instrument, or by combination pervert the Governent from its original purposes and legitimate ob sets, he stands ready to forsake and renounce all ligations of loyalty. But not until then. He will ever be found standing by the South, in whatver perlle threaten or whatever dangers may as-

Such is one of the men, imperfectly sketched. ow placed before the people for high office, and hould it please them to confer upon him their sufrages, certain are we that it will be confidence wellerited and honor well bestowed.

In the remarks above made we mean no dispar-agement to those other name, which will with cer-tainty contest the position. Already we notice the nomination by the Greenville Patriot of Col. Thos. N. Dawkins, of Union. We have, therefore, three gentlemen in the field of whom any District might exproud; and let the standard of success perch where it may, we shall ever s'and ready to encourage and suspain that man whom the people may place as a sentinel upon the Federal Watchtower.

THE DALLAS CLARENDON TREATY.

The treaty negotiated by Mr. Dillas and Lord Clarendon, for the adjustment of difficulties grow ing out of the Clayton Bulwer treaty touching Central America, was published in the New York papers on the 24th ult., notwithstanding Senatorial

The Charleston Mercury remarks as follows upon its provisions:

"Its provisions, as presented, seem to us a satis-factory solution of a question that, for some time, threatened to interrupt the peaceful relations of two On the 22d ultimo a bill from the House of Representatives, providing for a seam revenue cutter at the port of New York, came up in the Senate at Washington, Mr. Seward advocated its passage, and quoted a letter from John McKeon, District Attorney of that port, recommending the passage. mas. There are several passages across this region, connecting the two great occans; one of them was secured to the critzens of the United States by the construction of the Panama Railroad. Another, the Tehuantepee route, has been just relieved from its multiplied difficulties, and delivered into the possession of an American company. The only other "Mr. Tosmbs thought that was a very singular argument. It was proposed to have a steamer employed at the port of New York—not on the coast of Africa—to prevent these exceedingly conscientious people, who will not be deterred by the laws against piracy, from engaging in the African slave trade! [Laughter."]

Afree amending the bill, so as to leave the vessel

Afree amending the bill, so as to leave the vessel tral America. To a certain extent they acknowledge a joint Protectorate over these States, but the Protectorate does not go to the extent of an inter-ference with the internal arrangements of the States, nor does it claim for the contracting powers exclu-Philadelphia and Portland have also petitioned for steam cutters, and Mr. Welier prefers the claim of San Francisco. We shall very shortly hear of the Treasury revenue steam fleet.

Belladonna,—In a late issue we gave an item that belladonna, applied to the tongue, was a preventive of scurlet fever. The following, from respectably authority, shows that the drug has pernially been nothing but commercial. Give the world freedom of transit agross the Isthmus, and we shall bear no more of the difficulties about the Central American question or the Mosquito Protectorate. The Treaty is a great satisfactory solution of the difficulties which have so long surrounded the question, and both the United States and Great Raintin Page 1981. itain have reason to congratulate themselves upo the result."

> THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH - We learn from the New York Observer that Rev. Drs. Humphrey and Hill have been successful, quite beyond their expectations, in collecting money in that city for the (O. S.) Presoyterian Theological Seminary at Danville, Ky. Instead of \$5,000, which was their maximum of expectation, they collected \$8,000. The Observer remarks:

"Danville Seminary is in a Southern State. Talk all has been made at the close of a contest that h been well fitted to alienate North and South; but the cordiality with which these brethren have been eceived, and the liberality of the contribution show that the Union is still strong between those who love their country and the truth."

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—The New York wives; while Brighen, Young, the Governor, boasts formula of Commerce hopes our Government will no fewer than 68. Making 4/8 women to 40 men! take a corresponding interest with England in the furtherance of this grand project. We quoter "We understand that it has been resolved to em-New York Times. One intest dates from that city are of January 3, but we have no doubt the city was destoyed, if the only saving condition was repentance. New Yorkers would rather disc than do that—it wouldn't pay in this world, and that's all most of them like for:

"Pagentoy—I am commissioned to announce of the two first mentioned should be disabled, or other accident occur, immediate relief would be at hand. The English Government has promised two steam-

Late European news has arrived per the Fult from Havre, and the Niagara, from Liverpool. Tae following are the chief Items of general it

terest by the former:

The London Times has prenounced the message of President Pierce to be of a conciliatory character. The re-assembling of the Congress at Paris was fixed for the 25th of Decembes. It was believed that the difficulty concerning the Isle of Serpents and Bolgard would be arranged before the Congress

assembled.

The person who attempted to assessinate the King of Naples has been hung.

The marriage of the Princess Royal of England is announced to take place on the 21st of Novem-

is announced to take place on the 21st of November next.

The Hermann had put back to Southampton, having broken her shaft.

Hostilities are threatened between Spain and Prussia, growing out of the Neufchatel question.

The British forces have taken possession of the Island of Ormuz and Karek.

The Russians have retaken Senjouk Kaleh, after a desperate resistance by the Circassians.

The money market remains unchanged.

By the latter we learn that France proposes a compromise with Russia in the Bolgard affair, and

compromise with Russia in the Bolgard affair, and the latter accepts.

England is sending reinforcements for the expedition against Persia, and eight regiments have been ordered thither.

Prussia is preparing for operations against Swit-

rland. There is trouble brewing in Hangary. COTTON MARKET.—The sales of the week closing on the 20th, amounted to 55,860 bales of which Speculaters took 9,500 and Exporters 3,400. The sales on the 19th, the day preceding the sailing of the Niagara, amounted to 12,000 bales, at the follow-

ng rates:
Middling Orleans, 7d; Middling Uplands, 61d.
The market active and firm, with an advance of

Financial matters were easier.

The Brokers' circular reports breadstuffs ver cui.

Wheat had declined 2d; floor 6d to 1 shilling; and corn 6d, with a very dull market. In Liverpool, on Saturday, the steamer's news caused an advance of 1-16 to \(\frac{1}{2}\)d, with sales of 25, 900 bales, of which speculators took 15,000 bales. The market closed with an active demand.

STARTLING DISCLOSURES.

The trial of Huntington, for forgery, is still going n at New York, in the Court of General Sessions The prosecution finished their portion of the cason Tuesday. Mr. Bryan opened for the defence and started at once with the plen of insanity. During Mr. Bryan's address to the jury he made us of some very strange language, and put forth the following astounding developments:

"Charles Belden knew Huntington's charact and whole career It was he who tempted Hun tington to these forgeries, petted him, and smiled approval upon all his prodigality. Charles Beiden has for a period of only five months established a account at the Bank of the Republic of five millio

of dollars.
"These forgeries thus lostered have amounted in all to \$20,000,000, an astonuoling sum; Beiden in

Harbecks, who was to act as spy.

"He alleges that Belden knew of all these forgeries, and that the detection was purely accidental Belden was known to be an accomplished gentle man, and at the same time the most avaricious grasping usurer among us. He became blinded in his cupidity, and the evil day came before he had perfected his plans for escape.
"He was not yet through with Harbeck. The

idea that he would take no more than legal intere was an astounding absordity.

"There was only a half million out of the twenty millions of forged paper yet revealed. It was forg ed in the very chain which contained Robert Schuyler when he perpetrated his great mercenary

forgeries.
"The names of high and low were forged, and there was no attempt at imitation. The nearest re-semblance in the whole mass was the poor imitation Phelos. Dodge and Co."

Huntington was convicted by the jury, and wa entenced on the 31st December to four years and en months' confinement in the State prison.

MR. BUCHANAN'S POSITION. -Some weeks sin we alluded to a speech made by Senator Bigler, o Pennsylvania, in which some Southern presses thought proper to recognise a foreshadowing of Mr Buchanan's position on the slavery question. We thought then, as now, that Mr Bigler only expressthe President elect.

Commenting on the fuss made over his speech Intelligeneer indites a temperate reply, begging that Mr. Buchanan shall have opportunity to develop his own views in his inaugural. Justice requires this. In the meantime the Intelligencer has Mr. Buchanun's approval in saying that the following extract from the Southside (Va.) Democrat states correctly his position:

"As for Kansas, Mr. Buchanan has never expressed an opinion either one way or the other, in favor of its coming in as a free or a slave State. He

The editor of the Southside Democrat, who re-Sovereignty question:

"The opinion he entertains is that the Territories of the Union are the common property of the States, equally open to settlement by the citizens of all; that when these Territories are ready for admission as States, then, and not until then, their people have the right to meet in convention and to define and to determine, in their organic laws, the character of their domestic institutions. This is the doctrine held by Mr. Buchanan now, and is not newly conceived, inasmuch as it is identical with that contained in his letter to Mr. Sandford as far back as 1848. It is the same opinion repeatedly announced by his confidential friend, Mr. J. Glan-cy Jones, on the floor of the House of Representaves-a gentleman who, by the way, voted in committee in Cincinnati to incorporate a distinct ex-pression of this view in the national platform of the Democratic party."

POLYGAMY IN UTAH, -A curious statement in regard to Mormonism has found its way to the Atlantie States, proving conclusively that the moral aspeets of this pestiferous heresy are worse than had ever been dreamed of. One of these statements shows the number of persons composing the Legislative Council and House of the Territory, with a description of their persons and the number of wives attached to each. 13 members of Council. fouly two of whom seem to be "proper men"-the ers being near-sighted and erippled)-aggregate 17) wives, the highest having 57 and the lowest 2. In the House there are 29 members, who givry in the possession of 157 wives—ranging from 15 to 1 The officers of the House, 5 in number, have 22

A PRESENT FOR MR. Buckers as ... It is stated that Dr. James McElhoney, of Ohio, has between ed to Wheatland, as a new year's present to Mr. Buchanan, a large arm chair, a walking came and broom, all carved from bickory in the most elaborate and ingenious style, by his own hand, and two wild turkeva.

We had rather CARVE the turkeys than have articles CARVED by them.

The English Government has promised two steamers for this purpose, and application will be made to the Government of the United States for two more, which will, of course, be granted.

Mesora Hunt and Alden, of this city, is the American directory of the company, have just returned from Washington, where they were received from the purpose of shaving notes, that to one of these farms he paid sometimes, for sums of five or ten thousand dollars, one per cent. a day, saying that it was half what he made. It is no woulder that so follows occur in New York. Men who bor-Senators and Representatives, with the fullest assurance that the project should receive the consideration and favor which its importance demands."

It was half what he made. It is no wonder that so
many faileres occur in New York. Men who borrow at such rates certainly never intend to pay their
ter. It can be put up by any spothecary for eight

For the Carolina Spartan. MESSES. EDITORS: As it is generally under stood that our distinguished Representative in Congress declines serving any longer than the present Congress, it becomes us to fix upon some one to take his place. The writer of this would respectfully ask to recommend the name of JAMES FARROW, Esq., for that important place. A VOTER

For the Carolina Spartan. NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS.

Col. James L. Orr having stated in speeches to is constituents the past fall that he should probably not be a candidate for re-election to Congress after the expiration of his present term of election, it becomes necessary that the people of the Fifth Congressional District should settle their minds upon a gentleman to succeed him in the event hat his conditional withdrawal becomes absolute At the present time it is thought that Spartan ourg has a strong claim upon the position of Repesentative in Congress, from the fact that she has ong waived all claim, and cheerfully supported the avorites of other Districts. It is true that this was ander different construction of Electoral Districts; out that fact cannot weaken her present claim, in smuch as each decade may find her united to new electoral neighbors. For long years Greenville was honored with the Representative in the person of Gen. Waddy Thomson, jr. Union had two -Gens. James Rogers and Daniel Wallace; while Anderson's favorite son, Col. Orr, has been retained in his eminent position till satisfied with its onors and tired of its cares.

Under this state of things we present to the Fifth Congressional District a favorite son of Spar anburg as a candidate for Congress, in the person of THOMAS O. P. VERNON, Esq., who will receive a generous support in the IRON DISTRICT.

EPITORS' CORRESPONDENCE.

Coorensville, Dec. 29, 1857. Our corn crop this year has been pretty good The field adjacent to the works produced 596 bash cle of excellent corn. There is, say eight nores is the field. This would be at the rate of 741 bushels per acre. This field, as you may recollect, was in turnips last year, and sheep fed off them. It received no further manure. It shows what South Care lina fields will produce under what in Britain would be called fair cultivation.

We killed some hogs here lately, and one fellow reached the respectable figure of 580 gross.

There is nothing of importance occurring here see in your last impression a notice of Mrs. Susan ockhart's boy's death by drowning at the Ford. The river was running very full at the time, and e got fixed on the Cinder Dam. We made every exertion to save him, but unfortunately without suc cess. Quin and myself, along with two or three boys, after a good deal of exertion, reached him when he seemed about gone, After getting hold of him we were unable to bring him into our boat, rom the fact of his being entangled in some beams. Our boat filled almost instantly with water, and we ad some difficulty in getting ashore.

I also notice, under the head of "Challenge Ac cepted," reference made by Mr. Hiram Lockhart sonal account. Let the vote have no reference to the "bribery or had riding of the negro" in the "me. No, no, sir! I have never lowered my crest. irst race between Mr. Lipscomb and Mr. Marcus Kirby. The boy belongs to the "Company," and vas once a groom of Col. Wade Hampton. 1st. The charge of bribery is simply an assertion, withut proof. As to the bad riding, 2d, Mr. Lipseomb's orse had never been pricked by the spur before he race-consequently it was bad policy riding him with them. 3d. That Mr. Lipscomb's horse was in bad condition on the day of the race was evident to any person accustomed to see race horses, and was a subject of remark to me the day before the race by a friend. Who was to blame for this I would not have bothered you about this racing business were it not for the keen interest taken i it by the surroun ling country. Respectfully,

Mr. Gowan's Gallery.

We find the following paid a visit to the Photographie Gallery of Mr. of what is herein stated can satisfy their doubts

"MR STOKES: A week or two ago we paid a "MR. STOKES! A week with the state of the visit to Spartanburg on business, and while reading the "Spartan" were struck by a rather large and flaming advertisement headed "Good News for Patrons of the Fine Arts." Curiosity influenthe "Good News" referred to, had reference to the completion of Mr. J. Forrest Gowan's New Photo favor of its coming in as a free or a stave State. He has prudently conceived that it is a matter with which he has nothing to do, and with which he has nothing to do, and with which he does not mean to meddle. It is a question goals sively with the people of the Territory, with whom he is content to leave it for solution. He will see to it that the principles of the Nebraska law are carried out in letter and spirit, impartially, and without favor favor ar affection."

genic Gallery and Daguerreotype establishment at Spartanburg. We determined to pay a visit to thus gallery, having made up our mind beforehand to find fault win things generally. Accordingly, having finished our dinner, we wended our way to Gowan's Gallery, and after finding the house and walking up two flights of stairs, were thrown entirely of our guard by the polite and gentlemanly marked to pay a visit to the sallery, having made up our mind beforehand to find fault win things generally. Accordingly, having finished our dinner, we wended our way to Gowan's Gallery, and after finding the house and walking up two flights of stairs, were thrown entirely of our guard by the polite and gentlemanly our favor for the content of the same reception of Mr. Gowan himself. We unhesita-tingly assert, that his gallery is one of the largest cently visited Wheatland, thus gives his impressions and most tasty which we have ever seen in any of the views of Mr. Buchanau upon the Squatter country town, and that his pictures are as fine as

my which we have witnessed.

While we were present, Mr. Gowan copied a Ambrotype was so perfectly developed that every line could be read with the greatest case. His sky-light is admirably adjusted, and his stock of Chemicals unusually large. He was kind enough to show us some of his Vhotographs or Paper Pic tures, which certainly are the most life-like sun

sketcles which our eyes ever beheld.

As to his Painted Photographs, they defy competition, and stamp the maker of them with the name of Artist. His stock of cases is quite varied and large, many of which are more than beau tiful, and very low in price, We were pleased t learn that Mr. Gowan is a native Carolic Charlestonian by birth, the latter of which might well be guessed by his courteous demeaner and gen tlemanly bearing. The object of this communica tion is merely to open the eyes of as many as wish to see themselves as others see them.

DAGUERRE."

WHAT THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH WILL AC COMPLEM.—It is stated that when the submarin delegraph across the ocean is finished, the transac tions in stocks, the closing price it consols, the state of the cotton market, will be sent from London and Liverpool every day at three o'clock in the atternoon, and will in consequence of the difference of noon, and will in time-some five hours be teceived in the reading time-some five hours be traited States before noon that days forming the basis of operations here for that day-in other words, the doings of the London Exchange will be known he e before alrange hours, and will be published in the papers of the same evening be-fore they are laid before the British public. Trans-actions on the Paris Bourse will be sent in the same The expense, however, will be very heavy, as the telegraphic tolls will be about one dol

THE BENTON LECTURES.—The N. York Times says: "In reply to an application from an association.] n this city, Col. Benton stated that he had never received any pay for his lectures, and never would; out the Boston people had complimented him by making him a present of two hundred dollars for a lecture, and that a similar compliment would be satisfactory to him. There was a charming Bentonian simplicity in this ingenuous method of get-ting over the awkwardness of so distinguished a gentleman's receiving pay, like a common lecturer, for his services."

tassium in an ounce of pure water. This solution is a poison. It will remove the photographic impression almost instantaneously, but it will not touch the carbon ink of the bank note place prise

NEWS SCRAPS.

The British arctic ship Resolute, found adrift by American whalers, and which was refitted by order of Congress and sent home to England as a present to that Government by ours, arrived at Spithead on the 12th ult. She was visited by the Queen and Prince Albert, and the officers received royal hos-

Mr. Mallory has been re-elected to the Unite States Senate from Florida.

Congress has called out from the Departmen he correspondence between the Secretary of War and General Scott touching the pay of the latter as Lieutenant General. The documents are voluninous and particularly caustic and personal.

Mr. Consul General Harris has been safely land ed at Simoda, Japan, and is comfortably housed At 8 o'clock p. m., on the 3d September, he unfurled the stars and stripes at his consulate. Selden, Withers, & Co., private bankers o

Washington, failed, having on deposit Government unds. The Government claimed priority over other creditors, and the claim is allowed by the circuit court.

The Columbia banks have declared semi-annudividends of \$1 per share. Commodore Delany died at Washington on the 26th ult.

The "first shad" has been caught near Savannah, and sold for \$30 and sent to Columbus. The Georgian says, "times are so hard in Savannals that nobody can afford to eat the first shad."

Mrs. Sarah B. Scott, the last surviving daughte of Patrick Henry, died on the 10th ultimo, at "Seven Island," in Halifax county, Virginia. She was 77 years old. Concha has been removed from the Governo

Generalship of Cuba, and Gen. Urbistondo ha probably received the appointment. The Woodward's Planing Machine Patent expired on the 26th plt. by limitation, and it is, there

HON. HENRY W. HILLIARD.

fore, public property.

At the recent Alabama Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Hon. H. W. Hilliard announced his intention of returning to the ministry. He had been alluded to in Conference as probable editor of the Methodist organ to be established in Manthagarana and the proposition preceipe, with Montgomery, and the proposition meeting with some question, Mr. Hilliard arose, and turning to Bishop Pierce, presiding, addressed him as follows:

"I give you my hand, my brother, in this great work! Henceforth our paths of life shall not di-verge! I come, in the maturity of my manhood, verge! I come, in the materity of my manhood, deliberately to lay my heart, intellect, and whatever of trophies I may have won in other walks of life, professional or political, humbly at the foot of the Cross, with motives which befit the service of my

"Let it be distinctly understood, that no vot which this Conference may take upon the pending proposition can affect my resolution to give mysel to this work. At home and abroad—in my solitato this work. At home and abroad—in my solitary journeyings—or standing in the palaces of kings, I have never forgotton my early vows. I have seen the beginning and end of earthly greatness.

"Intimately associated with some of the first living statesmen of this age and country, I have seen them pass away from this earth! Sir, I know the vanity of earthly things! I come humbly, but I come preserving that self respect without which I should not be meet for the Master's service.

"I ask nothing from this Conference on my per-

"I ask nothing from this Conference on my per when facing political parties in the day of battle.

preserve my self-respect, but I desire to achieve
somewhat that will enable me, when this world
burns up, to be recognised, by the Great Head o place, however humble, among martyrs and saint who have loved and served him on earth!"

This is the substance of his remarks delivered t the spell-bound audience. It was a scene of in-tense moral sublimity. May be find grace equal to his noble resolution! Long may be live to edify e church, and finally win and wear the crown endless joy and glory .- Macon Telegraph

THE CHINESE SUGAR CANE -The Louisville ournal, under the impression that sugar cannot e profitably extracted from the juice of this plant but only molasses, (which remains to be proved,) has the following speculations upon the effect an extended cultivation would have upon the juice

To introduce this plant with the view of manuenhance it. As molasses is a necessary by-pro-duct in the manufacture of sugar, and as it pays. by sundry Southern papers, the Lancaster (Pa.) Gowan. Those who are skeptical about the truth producer, if the demand for molasses was supplied from another source and the price consequer by reading Mr. G's advertisement and visiting his much reduced, sugars must bear a higher price to make up the deficiency caused by the low price of molasses. True, spirits may be made from it, and thus save a portion of grain from that use, so that to manufacture molases in a large quantity from sugar millet, we think, would tend more to reduce the price of grain than that of sugar,

THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE -The "Dred" -41 uments are finished in the Supreme Court, and we Washington correspondents are speculating up a them. The Tribune correspondent writes: "The position of the Court on the question is quite generally understood to be thus: Messrs. Curtis, of Massachusetts; Nelson, of New York, and Me-Lean, of Ohio, are in layor of the power. Messrs. Campbell, of Alabama, Wayne, of Georgin; Daniel, of Virginia, are against it. The Judges whose po-sition is not so well defined are understood to be Grier, of Pennsylvania, Catron of Tennessee, and Chief Justice Taney, of Maryland."

Rev. Dr. Livingstone, the Celebrated Africa raveler, has returned to England, after seventeen of 1,600 bags, direct importation, was announced to ears' absence. He crossed the great African confor the 6th inst. Salt 80. Bacon—sides have nent almost in the centre, from west to east, has advanced and now command 91 a 91 for boned and cen where no civilized being had ever been before, nd has made many notable discoveries of great value. He had great difficulty in speaking a sen tence of English, having disused it so long while travelling in Africa. He had with him a native from the interior of Africa. This man, when he got to the Mauritius, was so excited with the steamers and various wonders of civilization, that he went mad, and jumped into the sea and was

drowned. An important libel suit has lately been determine ed in England. The London News, in comment upon the conduct of Lord Lucan, in the Crimea, spoke of him as having disgraced and discredited the name and fame of England, and as having been obliged to resign. Lord Lucan instituted a suit to ibel, and the case came on for trial upon the 11th of December. The Chief Baron, in summing up, lecided that the principal question was, whether the article was written in a malicious spirit; that considerable latitude was allowed to the press of that country, in commenting on public men; and if without malice, it presented no sufficient ground of setion. The jury returned in a few minutes with a verdict for the defendants.

ERUPTION OF VISUVIUS.—A correspondent of the Independent Belge, writing from Naples on the 22d ult., says:

"Vezuvius was blazing away last night, and was evidently in great force. For the most part one sees only the reflection of the light, which is thrown up from the interior of the crater, but at imes it rises up in all its majesty, and illumines the entire city THE ELECTORAL VOTE OF WISCONEIN -The

first Wednesday of December was the day pro-

ral votes. A snow storm on the day previous hav-ing shut off all communication with Madison, the electors for Wisconsin did not arrive there, and consequently the vote of Wisconsin was not east for LOUISIANA SUGAR CROP .- A correspondent of the

A bill has been introduced into the Florida Legislature, entitled "An act to exempt from levy and sale in that State, by execution or attachment,

or other process, one slave."

For the Carolina Section JANUARY BILLS.

"The melancholy days have con The saddest of the year," When notes are due, and lengthy bills Come in from far and near:-When "here's a small account of yours," Is whispered in your ear; And "wont you please to settle now,"
Is all the talk you hear.

You scarce can take a morning's walk, Without ere long you're met By Mr. Snooks, who wants to know If you can "settle" yet; And at the hour of "dusky eve," When homeward you do hie,

Upon the parlor table, lo!

A pile of bills do lie. Ye chaps, whose salary amounts To ten times ten a year, Who sport your patent-leather boots With such a "foreign air."-Who wear your thirteen dollar "tights." And golden buttoned vest, When January comes around

Ye seek in vain for rest. Ye girls, with dumpy bonnets, stuck Upon your pretty heads, With high-priced silks and satin things With flowers, hoops, and beads:-I wonder what "papa" will say When Mr. Spriggins calls With just that "little bill" of his

For bonnets, hoops, and shawls! And now, my stylish little chan. And fashionable maid. I'll tell you what you'd better do. When those long bills are paid-Just spend as many dollars now Upon your addled brain, As you have spent for costly clother. And see how much you'll gain.

LIBEL SUIT IN ENGLAND,-A suit for libel v ecently brought by Lord Lucan against the Lor on Daily News for criticizing his military conduct on Daily News for criticzing his them.

In the Crimen. The comments were severe, but
the censure was deemed deserved, and the jury
the censure was deemed deserved, and the jury gave a verdiet of acquittal in about 20 minutes. There were public interests involved in the subject of the strictures, which in the minds of the jury were of considerably more importance than the per-sonal annoyance caused by them.

LOUISVILLE, (Ky.) Dec. 31. The Medical Department of the University of Kentucky, including the Library, Laboratory and Museum, was burned to-day. The loss is estima-

PROMOTION OF GEN. SMITH - WASHINGTON, De cember 31, 1856.—The Senate, yesterday, unau-mously confirmed the nomination of General Per-sifer F. Smith to the new Brigndiership in the army, created by act of the last Congress.

THE INDEPENDENT PRESS.—This well conduct ed paper comes this week in an expanded form We wish it every success.

Streets. COMMERCIAL.

COLUMBIA MARKET-Jan. 3.—COTTON .- Th week just brought to a close has been rather a dul one; not how ver, from the lack of demand, or from decline in prices, for the demand is good, and prices are steadily advancing, but from the fact of the Christmas and New Year holidays intervening which caused the receipts to be light, and conse quently the transactions were limited. On Satur y morning the news from Liverpool by th agara came to hand, reporting the cotton market an advance of \$\frac{1}{2}d\$. on all grades, with sales for the week of 55,860 bales—speculators taking 9,500 and exporters 3,400 bales. The trade at Manches or was good, and the price of manufactured good-advancing. These accounts will doubtless have a favorable effect on the cotton market in this coun try; still we must wait the opening of the coming week, and also more extensive operations, before we will be able to say with any degree of accuracy \$ what extent the market will be affected by them The sales of the week foot up bales, and we now quote: Inferior 102 a 11; ordinary 11 a 112; midding 112 a 112; fair

1 a 12; and choice 121 cents Bacon .- We have no material or quotable hange to notice in the bacon market, and we there re continue to quote; shoulders 84 a 9; sides 1 a 101; and hams 11 a 12 cents, according to qual

Conn .- The corn market has also been without any material change, and consequently we continue to quote 80 a 85 cents per bushel.

Pras.—The supply of peas on sale is fully adequate to the demand, and therefore there is no

hange in prices. We still quote 65 a 70 cents per OATS.—The demand for oats is limited, and he stock is fair there is no change in prices. We continue to quote 60 cents per bushel.

FLOUR.-The flour market has been quiet bu eady during the past week, and we continue an former quotations of \$61 a \$7 for common to good brands; superfine \$73 a 71; and extra family flour \$71 per barrel.
CHARLESTON MARKET, Jan. 2, 1857.—The re seipts of cotton for the past week were 14,970 bales. Sales in same time 12,650, at extremes from 11 a

114. Rice 34 a 44, corn 78 a 85; oats 50. Flour 3½ a 4 in sacks; in barrels \$8 a 8½
Groceries—Cuba Molasses 40 a 41; Muscovado
53. Cuba Muscovado Sugars 9½ a 10. Coffee.
A lot of 600 bags Rio brought 10½ a 11½. A sale

MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, the 6th instant, by Rev. J. G. LANDROM, JAS, M. BOWDEN, Rsq., to Miss M. VIRGINIA, eldest daugster of John N. Nol-LY, of Madison Parish, Louisiana.

By the same, on the 4th instant, Mr. MADISON WOODY to Miss ELIZABETH BALLENGER,

all of Spartanburg District.
On Wednesday evening, the 3d of Decembe last, by Rev. SIMPSON DRUMMOND, Mr. C. S. GREENLEAF to Miss MARY A. HOLCOMBE, all of this district.
On Thursday evening, the 4th of December last,

by Rev. John L. Nornan, Mr. GARLAND AL-LEN to Miss MARY A. LAYTON, all of Spartanburg District.
On Thursday evening, the 18th of December last, by Rev. John H. Ezell, Mr. MILES H FERGUSON to Miss LUE A. ROGERS, all o

Spartanburg District.

On Thursday evening, the 18th of December last by John H. Walker, Esq., of this district, Mr. AMOS NIX to Mrs. NANCY SEALY, both of Union District.
On Sunday, the 21st ult., by John H. Walker,
Esq., Mr. BENJAMIN WELLS to Miss NAN-CY WALDRIP, all of Spartanburg District. On the 27th uit, by O. P. RICHARDSON, Esq. Ir. E. B. WHITE to Mis FRANCES WEATH

ERFORD, all of Spartanburg District.
On the 23d alt. by the Rev. J. G. LANDRUM,
Mr. WYLIE BAGWELL to Miss FRANCES
POLLARD, all of Spartanburg District.

DR. CLOPTON'S INFIRMARY.

vided by the United States law for the electors DR. JAMES CLOPTON, who has visited South of President and Vice President to meet at the arolina for several years, practicing his profession, has now permaneatly established himself in HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA, where he is prepared to treat successfully the following diseases Asthma, Diseases of the Throat, Inflammation and Enlargement of the Tonsils, Glandular Swellings

> them. Persons writing will enclose a 3 cent stamp to pay postage on return letter. Medicines forwarded by mail, in such cases as can be treated at home, Dec. 23, 1856.

ANOTHER CASE OF PEVER AND ASSE

tor A few do, vago we remaided an automidal Liver Pills, prepared by Flouring Bees, Pittsbur Pa. We have now another to mention, vis: the of Mr. James Sharpe, of Madischarg, who state that he had labored under a very severe stack. Ague and Fever, and was seen restored by the w of these Pills. Mr. Sharps also en passed an estation, founded on observation, that the Liest Pulper the best for bilious complaints ever offered in la scotion of country.

Although long known as a sovereign conference cases of Hepatic derangement, as Assesses of the Liver, the proprietors, Fleming Broad of Dr. M'Lane's Pills, were not prepared for the frequent, but gratifying evidences of its general selfity and curative capacity. In this respect, this invaluable medicine has exceeded their most capacity expectations, and induced them to hope that it will be introduced into every intilly in the

Purchasers will be careful to sek for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. manufactured by FLEMING BROS., Pressonds
Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Lieu
Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lene's game ine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermit ge, now be had at all respectable drug stores. A

[37] Jan. 8 46 lt FLEMING BROS.

Spartanburg Female Academy. Tills Institution will be opened for the reception of papils on Manday, the 19th inst., Rev. WASHINGTON BAIRD Principal.

The usual course of Literary and Scientific Instruction will be kept up at the former rates. Miso TEMPLE will also give instruction in MUSIC and FRENCH. The Trustees take pleasure in commending the Institution to public attention and patronage.

W. W. HARRIS, Prest.

D. C. Jupp, Secretary Ecord of Trustees.

School to commence 1st Monday in Febr

Terms of Tuition: From ten to twenty dollars or the term of ten months.

Board in the neighborhood on reasonable term
Jan. 1 46 4t F. N. WALKER.

Near Hobbysville, S. C.

HAVING this day associated with them, in the WHOLESALE DRY GOODS BUSI-

CHARLESTON, JAN. 1, 1857. WANTED.

A Nintelligent LAD, as apprentice at the Photo genic Art. Boarding, &c., will be furnished im gratis by his employer. For particulars, call it Carolina Star Gallery, corner of Jail and Main Jan 8

sent them to the subscriber, as Agent, on or before the 1st day of February next, duly authenticated for settlement; and all indebted to said Estate and



ORDER NO. 2

CHARLESTON, January 1, 1857.

His Excellency the Governor and Commanderin Chief has been pleased to appoint J. B. ALLSTON, of Charleston, and A. J. GREEN, of Columbia, especial Aides-de Camp, with the rank of Licutenant-Colonel, who will be obeyed and respected accordingly, and report themselves, in full uniform, to His Excellency at Charlesten, on or before the fifth day of February prox. By ordery J. JOHNSTON PETTIGREW, Jan. 1 46 It Aide-Gamp. ORDER NO. 2

SPARTANBURG DISTRICT. IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY. Citation for Letters of Administration. WHEREAS Dr. B. E. WOFFORD has ap-

aforesaid, deceased:

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear at the Court of Ordinary, for said District, to be held at Spartanburg Court House, on the 13st day of January, to show conse, if any exist, why the sud letters should not be granted

LETTER FROM HON. JOHN MINOR

BOTTS, OF VIRGINIA. RICHMOND, July 9, 1855. Messrs. Wm. S. Beers & Co.—Gentlement Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt

January next.

CEDAR SPRING ACADEMY.

THIS School, for males and females, will reday) of January inst., under the care of C. H. WHITE and Mrs. K. P. V. H. WHITE. Rates of Tuiton, per Term of 10 months, from \$10 to \$20, including Latin.

Music lessons on Mclodeon \$25 per scholar.

Boarding, from \$7 to \$8 per month. For further information address

CEDAR SPRING ANY To Hire,

genuine without the signature of

D. C. Jupo, Secretary Board of Trustees.
Jan. 8

A CARD.

THE subscriber having located at JOHN H. WALKER'S, (2 miles cast of Hobbysville,) for the purpose of TEACHING, hopes, by self-cultivation and application to his profession, to merit patronage from those who wish to go or send to

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

NESS, Mr. JOHN GEORGE, the same will beraulter be carried on under the firm of NAYLER, SMITH, & Co.

WM. NAYLER, THOS. P. SMITH.

Notice. A LL persons having demands against the Relate of DORCAS McDOWELL will please pre-

equired to make payments, as longer indulgil not be given. H. F. McDOWELL, Agent,



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

while to me for Letters of Administration on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, of Mrs. COMFORT WOFFORD, comments annexe, late of the State and District aloresaid, deceased:

Given under my hand and seal of Other, the 5th
Jan., 1857. R. BOWDEN, c. s. p. of Jan., 1857. Jan. 8

Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE, for that almost incurable discusse, Serotula. Without being disposed, or deeming it necessary, to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by that medicine, on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the Lest physicians had been exhausted, and all the usual remedics had failed, fully

after the skill of the test physicians had been exhausted, and all the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same rehef in all cases; for, or course, I can know nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise influence or control.

Respectfully yours, JNO. M. BOTTS.

Jan, 1 45

Announcement. We are requested to announce J. B. TOLLE-SON a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Spartanburg District, at the Election in January next. Nov 6 37 U

We are requested to announce Maj. JOHN EARLE BOMAR a candidate for the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Spartanburg, District at the Election in January next. Nov 6 37 if

C. H. WHITE, Jan 1 45 3m

FROM First of January nest, Two NEGRO BOYS and TWO WOMEN. The woman are good plain Cooks. BENNETT & GOSS. Dec 18